TSCA NON-CONFIDENTIAL BUSINESS INFORMATION

CAIR 90-890000232 6-13-89

EDMMENTS:



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CONTAINS NO CBI

© EPA-OTS 000657700P

90-890000232

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

Comprehensive Assessment Information Rule

REPORTING FORM

When completed, send this form to:

Document Processing Center
Office of Toxic Substances, TS-790
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
401 M Street, SW
Washington, DC 20460
Attention: CAIR Reporting Office

For Agency Use Only:

Date of Receipt:

Document
Control Number:

EPA Form 7710-52

.* *	1 1	SECTION 1 GENERAL MANUFACTURER, IMPORTER, AND PROCESSOR INFORMATION
PART	Α (GENERAL REPORTING INFORMATION
1.01	Th	is Comprehensive Assessment Information Rule (CAIR) Reporting Form has been
<u>CBI</u>	COL	inpleted in response to the Federal Register Notice of $[1]2][2][8]9$ mo. day year
[_]	a.	If a Chemical Abstracts Service Number (CAS No.) is provided in the Federal
		Register, list the CAS No
	b.	If a chemical substance CAS No. is not provided in the <u>Federal Register</u> , list either (i) the chemical name, (ii) the mixture name, or (iii) the trade name of the chemical substance as provided in the <u>Federal Register</u> .
		(i) Chemical name as listed in the rule NA
		(ii) Name of mixture as listed in the rule
		(iii) Trade name as listed in the rule
	c.	
		Name of category as listed in the rule NA
		CAS No. of chemical substance [_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_[]_]-[_]]-[_]
		Name of chemical substance
1.02	Ide	entify your reporting status under CAIR by circling the appropriate response(s).
<u>CBI</u>	Man	ufacturer
[_]	Imp	orter
	Pro	ocessor(
	X/P	manufacturer reporting for customer who is a processor
		processor reporting for customer who is a processor
	Mart	(X) this box if you attach a residence in the
٠,	.10.1	(X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

CBI	Does the substance you are reporting on have an "x/p" designation associated with it in the above-listed Federal Register Notice?
	Yes
1.04 <u>CBI</u> []	a. Do you manufacture, import, or process the listed substance and distribute it under a trade name(s) different than that listed in the Federal Register Notice? Circle the appropriate response. Yes
1.05 <u>CBI</u> []	If you buy a trade name product and are reporting because you were notified of your reporting requirements by your trade name supplier, provide that trade name. Trade name
1.06 CBI	Certification The person who is responsible for the completion of this form must sign the certification statement below: "I hereby certify that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, all information entered on this form is complete and accurage." FRED R MCFERN NAME SIGNATURE DATE SIGNED OFFICE MAR (503) 285 - 52// TITLE
[_]	fark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

1.07 <u>CBI</u> [_]	Exemptions From Reporting I with the required information within the past 3 years, and to for the time period specified are required to complete section required but not previously submissions along with your Section 1.	on a CAIR Intermental in the rule ion 1 of the submitte	Reporting Form for ation is current, a e, then sign the ce is CAIR form and prd. Provide a copy	the listed subst ccurate, and com rtification belo ovide any inform	ance plete w. You
	"I hereby certify that, to the information which I have not it to EPA within the past 3 years period specified in the rule."	included in s and is cu	this CAIR Reportir	g Form has been	submitted
	NA				
	NAME		SIGNATURE	DAT	E SIGNED
	TITLE	(TELEPHONE NO.		F PREVIOUS MISSION
1.08	CBI Certification If you had certify that the following stathose confidentiality claims	atements tr	outhfully and accura		
(<u></u>]	"My company has taken measure and it will continue to take been, reasonably ascertainabl using legitimate means (other a judicial or quasi-judicial information is not publicly a would cause substantial harm	these measure by other than discoproceeding vailable elements	ures; the informati- persons (other tha overy based on a sh) without my compan lsewhere; and discl	on is not, and he government bodowing of special y's consent; the osure of the inf	as not lies) by need in
	NA	<i>;</i>			
	NAME		SIGNATURE	DAT	TE SIGNED
	TITLE	(TELEPHONE NO.	<u>.</u>	
	Mark (X) this box if you attac		·		

PART	B CORPORATE DATA
1.09	Facility Identification
<u>CBI</u>	Name [C]OMMERICITAITITITIZIREITISERIUIZUEIT
[_]	Address [7]8]2]5]_]M]E]_]A]R]G]9]2]E]_]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]
	[[][][]][]][] [][][][][][][][][][][][][
	[2] [4] [4] [7] [-[] [] [] [] State
	Dun & Bradstreet Number
	EPA ID Number
	Employer ID Number
	Primary Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Code $\dots [5] \overline{0} \overline{1} \overline{1} \overline{1}$
	Other SIC Code
	Other SIC Code
1.10	Company Headquarters Identification
<u>CBI</u>	Name [T]h]e] G]o]o]d]y]e]a]r] T]I]r]e]&]R]u]b]b]e]r]]C
[_]	Address [1]1]4]4]]E]a]s]t]]M]a]r]k]e]t]]Street
	[A]k]r]o]n]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]
	Dun & Bradstreet Number
	Employer ID Number
	·

1 1	Parent Company Io '	ientification	1							
<u>CBI</u>		G O O O O O O O O O				e It I			_	
	$(\overline{A},\overline{k})$	الملوا	_1_1_1_	_11_]]] City	11_	1_1_1	_1_1_	_1_1]	_1_1
				ĺ	O H State	(<u>4</u>) <u>4</u>	13111	<u>6</u>][<u></u> Zip	0101	<u>0</u>] <u>1</u>]
	Dun & Bradstreet	Number		• • • • • • •		ا هاها	- <u>[4]4</u>]	<u>6</u>]-{ <u>7</u>	1 <u>91</u> 2	2141
1.12	Technical Contact					•				•
CBI	Name [E]R]E]Z		NCIFIE	1 <u>R</u> 1 <u>a</u> /			<u> </u> 11_	_1_1_	_11_	_1,1
[_]	Title [O]E]E]	10 E1_12	MAINIA	BE]11_	_1_1_	_11_	_1_1
		[1 <u>5</u> 1]1 <u>N</u> 1 <u>Z</u>]11_			_1_1
	PIDIZ	DIZIZIAN	ZIZI_I_	_11	_ 	_1_1_]_]_]	_1_1_	_11_	_1_1
				. 14	Z Z State	[7]2	12171	<u>/</u>][_ Zip	_11_	_1_1
	Telephone Number		•••••	• • • • • • •	····5	10131	-1 <u>2</u> 1 <u>7</u> 1	ءًا-ا كَ	2121	<u>[]</u>
1.13	This reporting y	ear is from	• • • • • • • • •			<u>0</u>] <u>1</u>]	(<u>8</u>] <u>8</u>]	to {1	121	[<u>8</u>] <u>8</u>]
							•			·
						•				
<u> </u>	Hark (X) this box	if you atta	ich a cont	inuatio	n sheet	•		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 		

1.14	Facility Acquired If you purchased this facility during the reporting year, provide the following information about the seller:
	NA .
CBI	Name of Seller [_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]]]]]
[_]	Mailing Address [_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]]]]]]]]]]]
	[_1_1_1_1_1_1_1_1_1_1_1_1_1_1_1_1_1_1_1
	$ \begin{bmatrix} - \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} -$
	Employer ID Number
	Date of Sale
	Contact Person [_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]
	Telephone Number
1.15	NA Facility Sold If you sold this facility during the reporting year, provide the following information about the buyer:
CBI	Name of Buyer []]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]
[_]	Mailing Address [_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]
	[_1_1_1_1_1_1_1_1_1_1_1_1_1_1_1_1_1_1_1
	[_]_] [_]_]_[_]_][_]_]_]_] State
	Employer ID Number
	Date of Purchase
	Contact Person [_] _]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]
	Telephone Number
[_]	Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

L.16 <u>CBI</u>	For each classification listed below, state the quantity of the listed was manufactured, imported, or processed at your facility during the re	substance tha porting year.
<u>_</u> ,	Classification	antity (kg/yr
	Manufactured	0.0
	Imported	0.0
	Processed (include quantity repackaged)	883.2
	Of that quantity manufactured or imported, report that quantity:	
	In storage at the beginning of the reporting year	NA
	For on-site use or processing	NA
	For direct commercial distribution (including export)	
	In storage at the end of the reporting year	
	Of that quantity processed, report that quantity:	
	In storage at the beginning of the reporting year	7.36
	Processed as a reactant (chemical producer)	0.0
	Processed as a formulation component (mixture producer)	0.0
	Processed as an article component (article producer)	883.2
	Repackaged (including export)	
	In storage at the end of the reporting year	

^[] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

1,7		composition is variable	required to report is a mixtur nformation for each component report an average percentage o
_]	Component Name	Supplier Name	Average % Composition by Weight (specify precision, e.g., 45% ± 0.5%)
	TDI Prepolymer	ARNCO	40 + 5.0
	Petroleum Hydrocarbon	ARNCO	55 + 5.0
	Toluene Diisocyanate	ARNCO	4.0 ± 0.5
			Total 100%

· 1	2.04	State the quantity of the listed substance that your facility manufactured, imported, or processed during the 3 corporate fiscal years preceding the reporting year in descending order.
1	CBI '	
	[_]	Year ending $(\overline{1})\overline{2}$ $(\overline{8})\overline{7}$ Mo. $(\overline{8})\overline{7}$
		Quantity manufactured kg
		Quantity imported
		Quantity processed
		Year ending
		Quantity manufactured
		Quantity imported
		Quantity processed
		Year ending $[1]2 [8]5$ Mo. Year
		Quantity manufactured v.o. kg
		Quantity imported
		Quantity processed
	2.05 CBI	Specify the manner in which you manufactured the listed substance. Circle all appropriate process types.
	· — ,	NA
	·1	Continuous process
		Semicontinuous process
		Batch process
•	[_]	Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

CBI	Specify the manner in a spropriate process ty	which you processed t pes.	he listed substance.	Circle all
[]	Continuous process	•••••	••••	
	Semicontinuous process			
	Batch process	•••••	••••••	
2.07	State your facility's a substance. (If you are question.)	name-plate capacity f e a batch manufacture	or manufacturing or pror or batch processor,	processing the listed do not answer this
CBI	question.)			
[_]	Manufacturing capacity	NA	· ·	
	Processing capacity		-	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		kg/,yr
2.08	If you intend to increamanufactured, imported, year, estimate the increase volume.			
<u> </u>	, o 2 dine .		opon the reporting	, ,
CBI	·	Manufacturing Quantity (kg)	Importing	Processing
	Amount of increase	Manufacturing		Processing Quantity (kg)
		Manufacturing	Importing	Processing
	Amount of increase	Manufacturing	Importing	Processing Quantity (kg)
	Amount of increase	Manufacturing	Importing	Processing Quantity (kg)
	Amount of increase	Manufacturing	Importing	Processing Quantity (kg)
	Amount of increase	Manufacturing	Importing	Processing Quantity (kg)
	Amount of increase	Manufacturing	Importing	Processing Quantity (kg)
	Amount of increase	Manufacturing	Importing	Processing Quantity (kg)
	Amount of increase Amount of decrease	Manufacturing	Importing	Processing Quantity (kg)
	Amount of increase Amount of decrease	Manufacturing	Importing	Processing Quantity (kg)
	Amount of increase Amount of decrease	Manufacturing	Importing	Processing Quantity (kg)
	Amount of increase Amount of decrease	Manufacturing	Importing	Processing Quantity (kg)
	Amount of increase Amount of decrease	Manufacturing	Importing	Processing Quantity (kg)

	listed substance substance during	argest volume manufacturing or processing process, specify the number of days you manufactured of the reporting year. Also specify the average type was operated. (If only one or two operated)	or processed number of h	the listed
CBI				
[_]			Days/Year	Average Hours/Day
	Process Type #1	(The process type involving the largest quantity of the listed substance.)		
	,	Manufactured		
		Processed	250	
	Process Type #2	(The process type involving the 2nd largest quantity of the listed substance.)		• •
	•	Manufactured		
		Processed	_NA_	
	Process Type #3	(The process type involving the 3rd largest quantity of the listed substance.)		
		Manufactured		*
		Processed	_NA_	
(<u></u>)	State the maximus substance that the chemical. Maximum daily in Average monthly		y of the is	sted f a bulk kg
[_]	Mark (X) this b	ox if you attach a continuation sheet.		

_1	NA		Byproduct,	Concentration	Source of By products, Co
	CAS No.	Chemical Name	Coproduct or Impurity	(%) (specify ± % precision)	products, or Impurities
•		. •			
-					
-	-/				
:	B = Byproduct	ring codes to designate	byproduct, copre	oduct, or impurit	y:
		ving codes to designate	byproduct, copro	oduct, or impurit	y:
	B = Byproduct C = Coproduct	ring codes to designate	byproduct, copro	oduct, or impurit	y:
	B = Byproduct C = Coproduct	ring codes to designate	byproduct, copro	oduct, or impurit	y:
	B = Byproduct C = Coproduct	ring codes to designate	byproduct, copro	oduct, or impurit	y:

Product Types ¹	b. % of Quantity Manufactured, Imported, or Processed	c. % of Quantity Used Captivel On-Site	
<u> </u>	100	100	I, CM
<pre>"Use the following codes A = Solvent B = Synthetic reactant C = Catalyst/Initiator Sensitizer D = Inhibitor/Stabilize Antioxidant E = Analytical reagent F = Chelator/Coagulant G = Cleanser/Detergent H = Lubricant/Friction agent I = Surfactant/Emulsif</pre>	/Accelerator/ er/Scavenger/ /Sequestrant /Degreaser modifier/Antivear	L = Moldable/Cast M = Plasticizer N = Dye/Pigment/C 0 = Photographic/ and additives P = Electrodeposi Q = Fuel and fuel R = Explosive che S = Fragrance/Fla T = Pollution con U = Functional fl V = Metal alloy a V = Rheological fl	tion/Plating chemicals additives micals and additives avor chemicals atrol chemicals luids and additives and additives
J = Flame retardant K = Coating/Binder/Adhe Use the following code:	esive and additives	X = Other (specif	fy) Article-Flat proof t

2.13 <u>CBI</u> []	Expected Product Types import, or process using corporate fiscal year. import, or process for substance used during the used captively on-site types of end-users for explanation and an example.	g the listed substa For each use, spec each use as a perce he reporting year. as a percentage of each product type.	nce ify ntag Als the	at any time after the quantity you e of the total vo o list the quanti value listed unde	your current expect to manufacture, lume of listed ty of listed substance r column b and the
	a.	b.		с.	d.
	Product Types ¹	% of Quantity Manufactured, Imported, or Processed	_	% of Quantity Used Captively On-Site	Type of End-Users ²
	X	100		100	I, CM
			_	·	
			_		
	1 Use the following code A = Solvent B = Synthetic reactant C = Catalyst/Initiator Sensitizer D = Inhibitor/Stabiliz Antioxidant E = Analytical reagent F = Chelator/Coagulant G = Cleanser/Detergent H = Lubricant/Friction agent I = Surfactant/Emulsif J = Flame retardant K = Coating/Binder/Adh 2 Use the following code I = Industrial CM = Commercial	/Accelerator/ er/Scavenger/ /Sequestrant /Degreaser modifier/Antiwear fier esive and additives es to designate the CS = Cons	L = M = N = O = P = Q = R = V = V = X = type	Moldable/Castable Plasticizer Dye/Pigment/Color Photographic/Repand additives Electrodeposition Fuel and fuel ad Explosive chemical Fragrance/Flavor Pollution contror Functional fluid Metal alloy and Rheological modification of their (specify) of end-users:	als and additives chemicals l chemicals s and additives additives fier Article-Flat proof tire
	Mark (X) this box if yo	u attach a continua	tion	shoot	·
` <u></u>					

a.	b.	c. Average %	d.
Product Type ¹	Final Product's Physical Form ²	Composition of Listed Substance in Final Product	Type of End-Users
<u>x</u>	H	< 0.01	I, CM
			
· ·			
¹ Use the following o	codes to designate pro		
agent I = Surfactant/Emul J = Flame retardant K = Coating/Binder/ 2Use the following of A = Gas B = Liquid C = Aqueous solution D = Paste E = Slurry	lizer/Scavenger/ lizer/Scavenger/ gent ant/Sequestrant gent/Degreaser ion modifier/Antiwear sifier Adhesive and additive codes to designate the F2 = Cry F3 = Gra n F4 = Oth G = Gel	U = Functional fluid: V = Metal alloy and W = Rheological modi es X = Other (specify) e final product's physic ystalline solid anules her solid	rant/Ink and add rographic chemic n/Plating chemic ditives als and additive chemicals chemicals and additives additives additives fier Article-Flat pro
F1 = Povder 3 Use the following of	odes to designate the	e type of end-users.	
OSE THE TOTTONTHE C	CS = Cor		

2.15 CBI	Circ	cle all applicable modes of transportation used to deliver bulk ships ted substance to off-site customers.	ments of the						
	Truc	ck							
-	Railcar								
		ge, Vessel	\sim						
		eline	_						
		ne							
		er (specify)							
2.16 <u>CBI</u> []	of er	tomer Use Estimate the quantity of the listed substance used by y prepared by your customers during the reporting year for use under eand use listed (i-iv).	our customers ach category						
	i.								
	1.	Industrial Products							
		Chemical or mixture							
	•	Article <u>794</u> ,	9 kg/yr						
	ii.	Commercial Products							
		Chemical or mixture	kg/yr						
		Article	3 kg/yr						
	iii.	Consumer Products							
		Chemical or mixture	kg/yr						
		Article	 kg/vr						
	iv.	<u>Other</u>							
		Distribution (excluding export)	kg/yr						
		Export							
		Quantity of substance consumed as reactant							
		Unknown customer uses							
[_]	Mark	((X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.							

SECTION 3 PROCESSOR RAW MATERIAL IDENTIFICATION

3.01 <u>CBI</u> []	Specify the quantity purchased and the average price for each major source of supply listed. Product trad The average price is the market value of the product substance.	00 000 00000	
	Source of Supply	Quantity (kg)	Average Price (\$/kg)
	The listed substance was manufactured on-site.		
	The listed substance was transferred from a different company site.		•
	The listed substance was purchased directly from a manufacturer or importer.		
	The listed substance was purchased from a distributor or repackager.		
	The listed substance was purchased from a mixture producer.	883.2	8,00 TOTAL
3.02 <u>CBI</u>]	Circle all applicable modes of transportation used to your facility. Truck Railcar Barge, Vessel Pipeline Other (specify)		

3.03 a. CBI	Circle all applicable containers used to transport the listed substance to yo facility.	ur
(<u></u>)	Bags	
	Boxes	
	Free standing tank cylinders	
	Tank rail cars	
	Hopper cars	
	Tank trucks	
	Hopper trucks	
	Drums	
	Pipeline	-
	Other (specify)	
b.	If the listed substance is transported in pressurized tank cylinders, tank racars, or tank trucks, state the pressure of the tanks.	
	Tank cylinders	mmH;
	Tank rail care	mmH
	Tank trucks	
		mmH

average percent com	position by veight of t	d substance in the form of a mixture, list the trade name(se of its supplier(s) or manufacturer(s), an estimate of the tion by veight of the listed substance in the mixture, and ssed during the reporting year.					
Trade Name	Supplier or Manufacturer	Average % Composition by Veight (specify ± % precision)	Amount Processed (kg/yr)				
Wingfil Part A.	ARNCO	4.0 ± 0.5	22000				
			•				
							
	-						
		•					

T FCDOT (THE ACUT TH	CHE LULH OF A CIRCE I ANAMAAA	listed substance used as a raw material during the of a class I chemical, class II chemical, or polymer, and weight, of the listed substance.				
	Quantity Used (kg/yr)	<pre>% Composition by Veight of Listed Sul stance in Raw Materia (specify ± % precision</pre>				
Class I chemical	883,2	4.0 - 0.5				
Class II chemical	,					
Polymer						
•						
		-				
•		•				
:						
	•					

,	, SEC	FION 4 PHYSICAL/CHEMICA	AL PROPERTIES					
Gener	al Instructions:							
If yo 4 tha	u are reporting on a mix t are inappropriate to m	ture as defined in the ixtures by stating "NA	glossary, reply to q mixture."	questions in Section				
notic	uestions 4.06-4.15, if y e that addresses the inf mile in lieu of answerin	ormation requested, you	may submit a copy o	abel, MSDS, or other or reasonable				
PART	A PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL DAT	A SUMMARY	:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
4.01 CBI	Specify the percent purity for the three major technical grade(s) of the listed substance as it is manufactured, imported, or processed. Measure the purity of the substance in the final product form for manufacturing activities, at the time you import the substance, or at the point you begin to process the substance.							
[_]		Manufacture	Import	Process				
	Technical grade #1	% purity	% purity N	IA-mixture % purity				
	Technical grade #2	% purity	% purity	% purity				
	Technical grade #3	% purity	% purity	% purity				
	¹ Major = Greatest quant	ity of listed substance	manufactured, impo	rted or processed.				
4.02	Submit your most recently updated Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) for the listed substance, and for every formulation containing the listed substance. If you posses an MSDS that you developed and an MSDS developed by a different source, submit your version. Indicate whether at least one MSDS has been submitted by circling the appropriate response.							
	Yes(
	No		,	2				
	Indicate whether the MS	DS was developed by you	ır company or by a d	ifferent source.				
	Your company	•••••		1				
	Another source			(2				

 $[\underline{ }]$ Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.



HATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

REVISION DATE June 4 . 1986

GENERAL INFORMATION

PRODUCT NAME : WING-FIL COMPONENT "A"

CHEHICAL NAME : TDI Prepolymer plus Petroleum Hydrocarbon

CHEHICAL FAHILY : Isocyanate Prepolymer and Petroleum Hydrocarbon FORMULA

: Proprietary DOT HAZARD CLASS : UN2078 (TDI)

HANUFACTURER ' : ARNCO, 5141 Firestone Place, South Gate, CA 90280-3570

Phone No: (213)567-1378

CHEHTREC Phone No: (800)424-9300 District of Columbia: (202)483-7616

INGREDIENTS II.

Components	TLV	Flash Point or	Boiling Point OF	Vapor Press. mm Hg	Vapor Dens. (Air=1)	Flammable Limit LEL UEL
TDI Prepolymer	0.02ppm 0.2mg/m3	Not Estab.	Not Estab.	0.02 677°F.	6.0	Not Estab.
Petroleum Hydrocarbon	0.2mg/m ³ TWA-ACGIH	>300	>550	<1.0 €68°F.	<0.1	No Data Available

III. PHYSICAL DATA

BOILING POINT (°F) : 464

VAPOR PRESSURE (mm Hg) : SEE SECTION II VAPOR DENSITY (Air=1) : SEE SECTION II

SOLUBILITY IN WATER, \$: Insoluble. Reacts with water to liberate

CO₂ gas.

APPEARANCE & ODOR : Dark brown liquid. Sharp pungent odor. SPECIFIC GRAVITY (H20=1)

: 1.01

* VOLATILE BY VOLUME : Negligible

EVAPORATION RATE (Ether=1) : Not Established

IV. FIRE & EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLASH POINT (OF)

: 320

FLAHHABLE LIHITS

.: Not Established

EXTINGUISHING HEDIA

: Dry chemical, chemical foam, carbon dioxide

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES: Fire fighters should wear full emergency equipment with self-contained pressure-demand breathing apparatus. Use water to cool fire-exposed containers. Eliminate all sources of ignition.

UNUSUAL FIRE & EXPLOSION HAZARDS: During a fire, toxic gases are genererated. Closed containers may explode from extreme heat or from water contamination. DO NOT reseal water-contaminated containers, as pressure buildup up may cause violent rupture of the container.

V. HEALTH HAZARD DATA

THRESHOLD LIHIT VALUE: 0.02 ppm; 0.2 mg/m3

SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE:

INHALATION: Hay cause dizziness and nausea. Irritation of the upper and lower respiratory tract. Some individuals may develop isocyante hypersensitization and must avoid further exposure to even low isocyanate levels. Inhalation, of mists may present a cancer hazard. Sinusitis, brochitis, asthma, and impaired ventilatory capacity can occur in some individuals.

INGESTION: Irritation and corrosive action in the mouth, stomach and digestive tract. Possibly liver toxicity. Aspiration into the lungs can cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal.

EYES: Liquid, vapors, or mist can cause sever irritation, redness, tearing, blurred vision and possibly irreversible damage to the eye.

SKIN: Irritation and allergic sensitivity may occur for some individuals, producing reddening, swelling or blistering, and skin sensitization, possibly resulting in dermatitis. This product contains petroleum oils similar to those catogarized by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) as causing skin cancer in mice after prolonged and repeated contact. Any potential hazard can be minimized by using recommended protective equipment to avoid skin contact and by washing thoroughly after handling.

CONTRAC

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5141 FIRESTONE PLACE + SOUTH GATE, CAUFORNIA 90280 + (213) 567-1378 + (213) 567-0587 + TWX 910-321-4156

Page 2 of 4

V. HEALTH HAZARD DATA (continued)

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE: Pre-existing unspecific bron-chial hypersensitivity and, potentially, any allergies.

PRIMARY ROUTES OF ENTRY: Inhalation and skin contact.

EHERGENCY FIRST AID:

INHALATION: Remove victim to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If breathing has stopped, apply artificial respiration, and get medical attention immediately. NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Treat symptomatically: bronchodilators; oxygen.

INGESTION: DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Aspiration can be fatal. Give a glass of milk or water, keep patient quiet and warm, and get prompt medical attention.

EYES: Flush immediately with water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the eyelid, and get prompt medical attention.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Wash affected skin with soap and water. Consult a physician if swelling or reddening occurs.

VI. REACTIVITY DATA

STABILITY: Stable under normal, recommended storage conditions.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Open flame and storage temperatures above 120°F

INCOMPATIBILITY: Materials to avoid are water. alcohols, ammonia, amines, and alkalis. Contaminated containers should be left vented and be moved to a safe area for neutralization and proper disposal.

HAZARDOUS POLYHERIZATION: Hay occur.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Exposure to high temperature, or resealing of containers contaminated with materials listed under INCOMPATIBILITY (materials to avoid).

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Carbon monoxide and dioxide, nitrogen oxides, sulfur oxides, unidentified organic compounds, and traces of hydrogen cyanide (HCN).

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VII. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION PROCEDURES

nano a an ountoureur "A"

SPILL RESPONSE: Evacuate and ventilate the area. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Respiratory protection must be worn during cleanup. Cover the spill with sawdust, vermiculite, or other absorbent material. Scoop and place in open container and remove to well ventilated area to be treated with a decontamination solution made up of 20% Tergitol TMN-10 (Union Carbide) and 80% water; or 5% concentrated ammonia, 2% detergent, and 93% with decontamination solution. For major spills call CHEMTREC: (800)

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD Decontaminated waste must be disposed of in accordance with Federal, State, and local environmental control regulations. It sources Conservation and Recovery Act.

VIII. SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

EYE PROTECTION: Chemical workers goggles or full-face shield. Contact lenses should not be worn in or near work area.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: MSHA/NIOSH approved positive-pressure air-supplied respirator with full-face shield. Organic vapor filters are not effective against TDI vapor. The vapor pressure of TDI is such that at normal temperatures, vapor concentration in the air will exceed the TLV of 0.02 ppm.

SKIN PROTECTION: Impervious, chemical resistant (natural rubber) gloves, arm covers, aprons or coveralls, boots and caps.

VENTILATION RECOMMENDED: General mechanical ventilation and local exhaust, to maintain vapor concentration below the TLV.

OTHER PROTECTION: Safety showers and eye wash stations must be easily accessible. Provide a dry nitrogen blanket in bulk storage tanks.

IX. SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

HYGIENIC PRACTICES IN HANDLING & STORAGE: Store below 100°F, preferably below 90°F, in tightly-closed containers to prevent atmospheric moisture contamination. DO NOT reseal if contamination is suspected. DO NOT store near open flame or high heat.

Wear protective equipment to prevent eye and skin contact. DO NOT breath vapors. Wash hands before eating or smoking.

Since emptied containers retain product residues (vapor or liquid), all hazard precautions given in this MSDS must be observed. For proper container disposal, fill with water and allow to stand unsealed for at least 48 hours then dospose of in accordance with Federal, State and local environmental control regulations.

THE INFORMATION IN THIS MSDS IS FURNISHED WITHOUT WARRANTY, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, EXCEPT THAT IT IS ACCURATE TO THE BEST KNOWLEDGE OF ARNCO. THE DATA ON THIS MSDS RELATES ONLY TO THE SPECIFIC MATERIAL DESIGNATED HEREIN. ARNCO ASSUMES NO LEGAL RESPONSIBILITY FOR USE OR RELIANCE UPON THIS DATA.

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	<u> </u>
4.03	Submit a copy or reasonable facsimile of any hazard information (other than an MSDS) that is provided to your customers/users regarding the listed substance or any formulation containing the listed substance. Indicate whether this information has been submitted by circling the appropriate response.
	Yes 1
	No 2
4.04	For each activity that uses the listed substance, circle all the applicable number(s) corresponding to each physical state of the listed substance during the activity listed. Physical states for importing and processing activities are determined at the time you import or begin to process the listed substance. Physical states for
CBI	manufacturing, storage, disposal and transport activities are determined using the final state of the product.
[_]	tinal state of the product.
	Physical State

	Physical State						
Activity	Solid	Slurry	Liquid	Liquified Gas	Gas		
Manufacture	1	2	3	4	5		
Import	1	2	3	4	5		
Process	1	2	3	4	5		
Store	1	2	3	4	5		
Dispose	1	2	3	4	5		
Transport		2	3	4	5		

^[] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

_5	hysical State		Particle Size If the listed substance exists in particulate form during any of the following activities, indicate for each applicable physical state the size and the percentage distribution of the listed substance by activity. Do not include particles >10 microns in diameter. Measure the physical state and particle sizes for importing and processing activities at the time you import or begin to process the listed substance. Measure the physical state and particle sizes for manufacturing storage, disposal and transport activities using the final state of the product.											
Dι			Manufacture	Import	Process	Store	Dispose	Transport						
	ust	<1 micron			NA									
		1 to <5 microns			NA									
		5 to <10 microns			NA									
Pc	ovder	<1 micron			NA			• •						
		1 to <5 microns			NA									
		5 to <10 microns			NA									
Fi	ber	<pre><1 micron 1 to <5 microns</pre>			NA			*****						
		5 to <10 microns			NA NA									
Αe	erosol	<1 micron			NA									
		1 to <5 microns	•		NA									
		5 to <10 microns			<u>NA</u>									
			·											

SECTION	5	ENVIRONMENTAL FATE

.01	1 Indicate the rate constants for the following transformation processes.											
	a.	Photolysis:										
		Absorption spectrum coefficient (peak)	(1/M cm)	at	nm							
		Reaction quantum yield, 6		at	nm							
		Direct photolysis rate constant, k _p , at										
	Ъ.	Oxidation constants at 25°C:		·								
		For ¹ 0 ₂ (singlet oxygen), k _{ox}			1/M h							
		For RO ₂ (peroxy radical), k _{ox}										
	c.	Five-day biochemical oxygen demand, BOD ₅			mg/l							
	d.	Biotransformation rate constant:										
		For bacterial transformation in water, $k_b \dots$			1/hr							
		Specify culture										
	e.	Hydrolysis rate constants:										
		For base-promoted process, k _B			1/M h							
		For acid-promoted process, k,										
		For neutral process, k _R										
	f.	Chemical reduction rate (specify conditions)										
	g.	Other (such as spontaneous degradation)										

					•							

[] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

5.02	a.	Specify the half-life of the listed substance in the following media.										
		NA-Mixture										
		Media		Half-life (sp	ecify uni	ts)						
		Groundwater										
		Atmosphere										
		Surface water										
		Soil										
	b.	Identify the listed su life greater than 24 h	ubstance's known tr nours.	ansformation produ	ucts that	have a half-						
		CAS No.	<u>Name</u>	Half-life (specify unit:	<u>s)</u>	<u> Media</u>						
					in _							
					in _	*****						
					in _							
					in _							
				NA-Mixture	-							
5.03		cify the octanol-water		ent, K _{ow}								
	Metl	hod of calculation or d	etermination	·····	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
5.04	Spec	cify the soil-water par	tition coefficient	NA-Mixture K		at 25°C						
	Soil	l type	••••••			a(2) (
5 05	Space	cify the organic carbon		NA-Mixture								
2.03	coel	fficient, K _{oc}	-water partition			at 25°C						
5.06	Spec	cify the Henry's Lav Co	nstant, H	NA-Mixture		atm-m³/molo						
	W =1	<pre>< (X) this box if you a</pre>										

Bioconcentration Factor	of test used in deriving the Species	Test ¹
¹ Uso the following and a de-		
¹ Use the following codes to des F = Flowthrough	signate the type of test:	
S = Static		
•		
	·	

6.04 <u>CBİ</u>	For each market listed below, state the listed substance sold or transfe	the quantity sold and the	total sales value of porting year.
[_]	. \		\
	Market	Quan ity Sold or Transferred (kg/yr)	Total Sales Value (\$/yr)
\	Retail sales		
	Distribution \ Wholesalers \		
	Distribution - Retailers		
	Intra-company transfer		
\	Repackagers \	\	
	hixture producers		
	Article producers		\.
	Other chemical manufacturers or processors		,
	Exporters		
	Other (specify)		
\	other (spacify)		
6.05	Substitutes list all known		
0.05	Substitutes List all known commer for the listed substance and state t	THE COST OF Each substitute	4 commercially
<u>CBI</u>	feasible substitute is one which is in your current operation, and which performance in its end uses.	economically and technolog results in a final produc	ically feasible to use t with comparable
[_]			
	Substitute		Cost (\$/kg)
	No substitutes currently know	n	***
[-1	Mark (X) this box if you attach a co	ontinuation sheet	
· — '		methoderon since (

SECTION 7 HANUFACTURING AND PROCESSING INFORMATION

General Instructions:

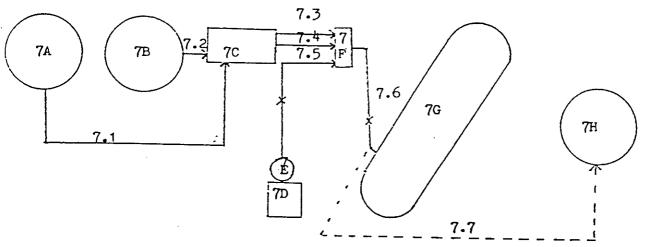
For questions 7.04-7.06, provide a separate response for each process block flow diagram provided in questions 7.01, 7.02, and 7.03. Identify the process type from which the

PART A MANUFACTURING AND PROCESSING PROCESS TYPE DESCRIPTION

7.01 In accordance with the instructions, provide a process block flow diagram showing the major (greatest volume) process type involving the listed substance.

CBI

[] Process type Batch - Polyurethane Polymerization



7A = TDI Prepolymer 7B = Amine Solution

7C = Metering Pump

7D = Isopropyl Alcohol Cleaning Solution

7E = Cleaning Solution Pump

7F = Components Mixing Head

7G = Tire Being Filled Through Valve Stem

7H = Clean-out Solution Drum

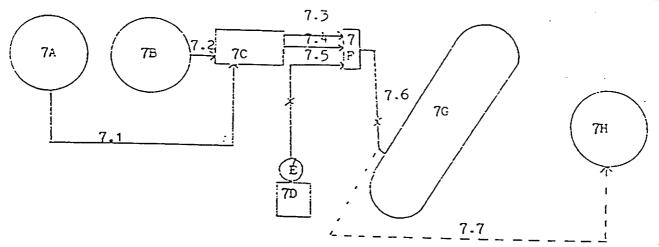
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 $\{ \underline{\ } \ | \$ Hark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

7.03 In accordance with the instructions, provide a process block flow diagram showing all process emission streams and emission points that contain the listed substance and which, if combined, would total at least 90 percent of all facility emissions if not treated before emission into the environment. If all such emissions are released from one process type, provide a process block flow diagram using the instructions type, provide a process block flow diagram from more than one process block.

CBI

Process type Batch - Polyurethane Polymerization



7A = TDI Prepolymer

7B = Amine Solution

7C = Metering Pump

7D = Isopropyl Alcohol Cleaning Solution

7E = Cleaning Solution Pump

7F = Components Mixing Head

7G = Tire Being Filled Through Valve Stem

7H = Clean-out Solution Drum

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t;	Hark	(X)	this	рох	i £	you	attaci:	3	continuation	sheet.
----	------	-----	------	-----	-----	-----	---------	---	--------------	--------

l Process to	Potoh	Dolars D.		
i rrocess ty	pe <u>Batch</u>	Polyurethane Polyme:	rization	
Unit Operation ID Number	Typical Equipment Type	Operating Temperature Range (°C)	Operating Pressure Range (mm Hg)	Vessel Compositio
7A	Drum	Ambient	Atmospheric	Steel
7 B	Drum	Ambient	Atmospheric	Steel
7C	Metering Pump	Ambient	Atmospheric	Stainless
7 D	5 Gallon Can	Ambient	Atmospheric	Steel
7E	Pump	Ambient	Atmospheric	Steel
<u>7</u> F	Mixing Head	Ambient	Atmospheric	Stainless Steel
7 G	Tire	Ambient	Atmospheric	Vul. Rubb
_7H	Drum	Ambient	<u>Atmospheri</u> c	Steel
	-			
		÷		

· 7.05 .	Process office fr	~ u 1	sstream identified in your agram is provided for more it separately for each pr		agram(s). If a e, photocopy this
CBI					
[_]	Process type	• • • • •	Batch - Polyurethane	Polymerization	
	Process Stream ID Code		Process Stream Description	Physical State ¹	Stream Flow (kg/yr)
	7.1	TDI	Prepolymer	OL	22000
	7.3	TDI	Prepolymer	OL	22000
	7.6	Pol	ymerizing Polyurethane	OL	44000.
					,
					
	GC = Gas (conder GU = Gas (uncond SO = Solid SY = Sludge or s AL = Aqueous liq OL = Organic liq IL = Immiscible	nsibl lensi slurr juid juid	des to designate the physie at ambient temperature able at ambient temperature y id (specify phases, e.g.,	nd pressure) and pressure)	
•					
[_]	Mark (X) this box	if	you attach a continuation	sheet.	

_,			olyurethane Poly		
	а.	b.	c.	d.	e.
	Process Stream ID Code	Known Compounds ¹	Concen- trations ^{2,3} (% or ppm)	Other Expected Compounds	Estimated Concentrations (% or ppm)
	7.1	TDI Prepolymer	40 ± 5.0 (E) (W)	NA	NA
		Petroleum Hydrocarbon	55 [±] 5.0 (E) (W) _	NA	NA
		Toluene Diisocyanate	4.0 ± 0.5 (E) (W) -	NA	NA
	7.3	TDI Prepolymer	40 ± 5.0 (E) (W)	NA	NA NA
		Petroleum Hydrocarbon	55 ± 5.0	NA	NA
		Toluene Diisocyanate	4.0 ± 0.5 (E) (W) -	NA .	NA
	7.6	Polyurethane	(분) ⁻ (닭)	NA	NA NA
		Toluene Diisocyanate	(£) (w)	NA	NA
		Amine	(£) (w)	NA .	NA
36	continued b	elov			

7	•06°	(continued)	,
---	------	-------------	---

¹For each additive package introduced into a process stream, specify the compounds that are present in each additive package, and the concentration of each component. Assign an additive package number to each additive package and list this number in column b. (Refer to the instructions for further explanation and an example. Refer to the glossary for the definition of additive package.)

Additive Package Number	Components of Additive Package	Concentrations(% or ppm)
1		
2		-
<u> </u>		
3		
4		
5		
		-
² Use the following codes	to designate how the concentrat	ion was determined:
A = Analytical result E = Engineering judgeme	nt/calculation	
³ Use the following codes	to designate how the concentrat	ion was measured:
V = Volume V = Veight		
·		
Mark (X) this box if you	attach a continuation sheet.	

3.01 CBI	In accordance with which describes th	the instruc ne treatment	tions, provide process used f	e a residual for residuals	treatment blidentified	lock flow diagram in question 7.01
	Process type	••••	Batch - Poly	rurethane Pol	ymerization	
		NA				
					;	-
						•
						•
		•				
		,				
	•					

CBI	process	type, photo	copy this que e instruction	estion and comes for further	low diagram is applete it separation a	rately for ea and an exampl	ch process
[_]	Process	type			thane Polymeri	zation	
	a.	b.	C.	d.	e.	f.	g.
	Stream ID Code	Type of Hazardous Vaste	Physical State of Residual ²	Known Compounds ³	Concentra- tions (% or ppm) 4,5,6	Other Expected Compounds	Estimated Concentrations (% or ppm)
							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
 8.05		ed below					

```
8.05 (continued)
```

¹Use the following codes to designate the type of hazardous waste:

I = Ignitable

C = Corrosive

R = Reactive

E = EP toxic

T = Toxic

H = Acutely hazardous

²Use the following codes to designate the physical state of the residual:

GC = Gas (condensible at ambient temperature and pressure)

GU = Gas (uncondensible at ambient temperature and pressure)

SO = Solid

SY = Sludge or slurry

AL = Aqueous liquid

OL = Organic liquid

IL = Immiscible liquid (specify phases, e.g., 90% water, 10% toluene)

8.05 continued below

8.05 (continued)	8.0	5 ((c	on	t	in	ue	d)
------------------	-----	-----	----	----	---	----	----	----

For each additive package introduced into a process stream, specify the compounds that are present in each additive package, and the concentration of each component. Assign an additive package number to each additive package and list this number in column d. (Refer to the instructions for further explanation and an example. Refer to the glossary for the definition of additive package.)

	Additive Package Number		Components of Additive Package	_	Concentrations (% or ppm)
	1			_	
				-	
				_	•
	2			_	· /
				_	
				_	
	3			_	9-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1
				-	
				_	and the same of th
	4			_	
		•		_	CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE
			·	_	
	5			_	
				_	
				- -	
	⁴ Use the followin	ig codes to d	esignate how the conc	entration va	us determined:
	A = Analytical r E = Engineering	esult		,	
 8.05	continued belov				
<u> </u>	Mark (X) this box	: if you atta	ch a continuation she	et.	
			56		

^	~ ÷	,		
в.	05	(con	tin	ued)

 $^{5}\,\mbox{Use}$ the following codes to designate how the concentration was measured:

V = Volume

W = Weight

⁶Specify the analytical test methods used and their detection limits in the table below. Assign a code to each test method used and list those codes in column e.

Code	Method	Detection Limit (<u>+</u> ug/l)
1		
2		· /
3		
4		
5		
6		

-,	Process	type	Bat	tch - Polyur	ethane Poly	merizatio	n	
_,			NA NA					
	а.	b.	c.	d.	е.		f. Costs for	g.
	Stream ID Code	Waste Description Code	Management Method Code ²	Residual Quantities (kg/yr)	of Resident of Res	ual (%)	Off-Site Management (per kg)	Changes in Managemen Methods
								
								j.
								
			10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 -					
	· .							

		•						
							descriptions ement methods	

WASTE DESCRIPTION CODES

These waste description codes were developed specifically for this survey to supplement the descriptions listed with the RCRA and other waste codes. (These waste description codes are not regulatory definitions.)

WASTE DESCRIPTION CODES FOR HAZARDOUS WASTE DESCRIBED BY A SINGLE RCRA F, K, P, OR U WASTE CODE

- A01 Spent solvent (F001-F005, K086)
- A02 Other organic liquid (F001-F005, K086)
- A03 Still bottom (F001-F005, K086)
- A04 Other organic sludge (F001-F005, K086)
- A05 Wastewater or aqueous mixture
- A06 Contaminated soil or cleanup residue
- A07 Other F or K waste, exactly as described
- A08 Concentrated off-spec or discarded product
- A09 Empty containers

- A10 Incinerator ash
- All Solidified treatment residue
- A12 Other treatment residue (specify in "Facility Notes")
- A13 Other untreated waste (specify in "Facility Notes")

- INORGANIC LIQUIDS—Waste that is primarily inorganic and highly fluid (e.g., aqueous), with low suspended inorganic solids and low organic content.
- 801 Aqueous waste with low solvents
- 802 Aqueous waste with low other toxic organics
- 803 Spent acid with metals
- **B04** Spent acid without metals
- 805 Acidic aqueous waste
- 806 Caustic solution with metals but no cyanides
- 807 Caustic solution with metals and cyanides
- 808 Caustic solution with cyanides but no metals
- 809 Spent caustic
- 810 Caustic aqueous waste
- 811 Aqueous waste with reactive sulfides
- B12 Aqueous waste with other reactives (e.g., explosives)
- B13 Other aqueous waste with high dissolved solids
- 914 Other aqueous waste with low dissolved solids
- B15 Scrubber water
- B16 Leacnate
- 817 Waste liquid mercury
- B18 Other inorganic liquid (specify in "Facility Notes")
- INORGANIC SLUDGES—Waste that is primarily inorganic, with moderate-to-high water content and low organic content; pumpable.
- B19 Lime sludge without metals
- 820 Lime słudge with metals/metal hydroxide słudge
- 821 Wastewater freatment sludge with toxic organics
- 822 Other wastewater treatment sludge
- B23 Untreated plating sludge without cyanides B24 Untreated plating sludge with cyanides
- B25 Other sludge with cyanides
- 826 Sludge with reactive sulfides
- 827 Sludge with other reactives
- B28 Degreasing sludge with metal scale or filings
- 829 Air pollution control device sludge (e.g., fly ash, wet scrubber sludge)
- 830 Sediment or lagoon dragout contaminated with organics
- 831 Sediment or lagoon dragout contaminated with inorganics only

832 Drilling mud

""Exactly as described" means that the waste matches the description of the RCRA waste code

- 833 Asbestos slurry or sludge
- B34 Chloride or other brine studge
- B35 Other inorganic studge (specify in "Facility Notes")
- INORGANIC SOLIDS—Waste that is primarily inorganic and solid, with low organic content and low-to-moderate water content; not pumpable.
- 836 Soil contaminated with organics
- 837 Soil contaminated with inorganics only
- 838 Ash, stag, or other residue from incineration of wastes
- B39 Other "dry" ash, slag, or thermal residue
- B40 "Dry" time or metal hydroxide solids chemically "fixed"
- B41 "Dry" time or metal hydroxide solids not "fixed"
- B42 Metal scale, filings, or scrap
- 843 Empty or crushed metal drums or containers
- B44 Battenes or battery parts, casings, cores
- B45 Spent solid filters or adsorbents
- 846 Asbestos solids and debns
- 847 Metal-cyanide salts/chemicals
- 848 Reactive cyanide satis/chemicals
- 849 Reactive sulfide satis/chemicals
- B50 Other reactive salts/chemicals
 B51 Other metal salts/chemicals
- B52 Other waste inorganic chemicals
- 653 Lab packs of old chemicals only
- BS4 Lab packs of debns only
- BSS Mixed lab packs
- BS6 Other inorganic solids (specify in "Facility Notes")
- INORGANIC GASES—Waste that is primarily inorganic with a low organic content and is a gas at atmospheric pressure.
- BS7 Inorganic gases
- ORGANIC LIQUIDS—Waste that is primarily organic and is highly fluid, with few inorganic solids content and low-to-moderate water content.
- 858 Concentrated solvent-water solution
- B59 Halogenated (e.g., chlonnated) solvent
- 860 Nonhalogenated solvent

- B61 Halogenated/nonhalogenated solvent mixture
- B62 Oil-water emulsion or mixture
- B63 Waste oil
- B64 Concentrated aqueous solution of other omanics
- 865 Concentrated phenolics
- 866 Organic paint, ink, lacquer, or varnish
- 867 Adhesives or expoxies
- 868 Paint thinner or petroleum distillates
- 869 Reactive or polymerizable organic liquio
- B70 Other organic liquid (specify in "Facility Notes")
- ORGANIC SLUDGES—Waste that is primarily organic, with low-to-moderate inorganic solids content and water content; pumpable.
- 871 Still bottoms of halogenated (e.g., chlori-
- nated) solvents or other organic liquids 872 Still bottoms of nonhalogenated
- solvents or other organic liquids
- 873 Oily studge
- B74 Organic paint or ink sludge
- B75 Reactive or polymerizable organics
- B76 Resins, tars, or tarry sludge B77 Biological treatment sludge
- B78 Sewage of other untreated biological
- Sludge

 B79 Other omanic studge (specify in
- B79 Other organic studge (specify in "Facility Notes")
- ORGANIC SOLIDS—Waste that is primarily organic and solid, with low-to-moderate inorganic content and water content; not purpaphe.
- 880 Halogenated pesticide solid
- 881 Nonhalogenated pesticide solid
- B82 Solid resins or polymenzed organics
- 883 Spert carpon
- 884 Reactive organic solid
- 885 Empty fiber or plastic containers
- 886 Lab packs of old chemicals only
- 887 Lab packs of debns only
- B88 Mixed lab packs
- 889 Other halogenated organic solid
- 890 Other nonhalogenated organic solid

ORGANIC GASES—Waste that is primarily organic with low-lo-moderate inorganic content and is a gas at atmospheric pressure.

891 Organic gases

EXHIBIT 8-2. (Refers to question 8.06(c))

MANAGEMENT METHODS

<pre>K1 = Discharge to publicly owned</pre>	Recovery of solvents and liquid organics
vastevater treatment vorks	for reuse
M2 = Discharge to surface vater under	1SR Fractionation
NPDES	2SR Batch still distillation
M3 = Discharge to off-site, privately	3SR Solvent extraction
ovned vastevater treatment works	4SR Thin-film evaporation
M4 = Scrubber: a) caustic; b) water;	SSR Filtration
c) other	6SR Phase separation
MS = Vent to: a) atmosphere; b) flare;	7SR Dessication
c) other (specify)	8SR Other solvent recovery
M6 = Other (specify)	
TREATHENT AND RECYCLING	Recovery of metals
TREATHERT MID RECTCEING	<pre>1MR Activated carbon (for metals</pre>
Incineration/thermal treatment	recovery)
11 Liquid injection	2MR Electrodialysis (for metals
2I Rotary or rocking kiln	recovery)
3I Rotary kiln with a liquid injection	3MR Electrolytic metal recovery
unit	4MR Ion exchange (for metals recovery)
4I Tvo stage	5MR Reverse osmosis (for metals
SI Fixed hearth	recovery)
6I Multiple hearth	6MR Solvent extraction (for metals
7I Fluidized bed	recovery) 7MR Ultrafiltration (for motals
8I Infrared	Treatment (Tot metals
9I Fume/vapor	recovery)
10I Pyrolytic destructor	8MR Other metals recovery
11I Other incineration/thermal	Wastevater Treatment
treatment	After each vastewater treatment type
	listed below (1VT - 66VT) specify
Reuse as fuel	a) tank; or b) surface impoundment
IRF Cement kiln	(i.e., 63VTa)
2RF Aggregate kiln	(=====
3RF Asphalt kiln	Equalization
4RF Other kiln	1VT Equalization
SRF Blast furnace	
6RF Sulfur recovery furnace	
Total Total Editiace	Cyanide oxidation
7RF Smelting, melting, or refining	Cyanide oxidation 2VT Alkaline chlorination
7RF Smelting, melting, or refining furnace	Cyanide oxidation 2VT Alkaline chlorination 3VT Ozone
7RF Smelting, melting, or refining furnace 8RF Coke oven	2VT Alkaline chlorination 3VT Ozone 4VT Electrochemical
7RF Smelting, melting, or refining furnace 8RF Coke oven 9RF Other industrial furnace	2VT Alkaline chlorination 3VT Ozone 4VT Electrochemical
7RF Smelting, melting, or refining furnace 8RF Coke oven 9RF Other industrial furnace 10RF Industrial boiler	2VT Alkaline chlorination 3VT Ozone 4VT Electrochemical 5VT Other cyanide oxidation
7RF Smelting, melting, or refining furnace 8RF Coke oven 9RF Other industrial furnace 10RF Industrial boiler 11RF Utility boiler	2VT Alkaline chlorination 3VT Ozone 4VT Electrochemical 5VT Other cyanide oxidation General oxidation (including
7RF Smelting, melting, or refining furnace 8RF Coke oven 9RF Other industrial furnace 10RF Industrial boiler 11RF Utility boiler 12RF Process heater	2VT Alkaline chlorination 3VT Ozone 4VT Electrochemical 5VT Other cyanide oxidation General oxidation (including disinfection)
7RF Smelting, melting, or refining furnace 8RF Coke oven 9RF Other industrial furnace 10RF Industrial boiler 11RF Utility boiler	2VT Alkaline chlorination 3VT Ozone 4VT Electrochemical 5VT Other cyanide oxidation General oxidation (including disinfection) 6VT Chlorination
7RF Smelting, melting, or refining furnace 8RF Coke oven 9RF Other industrial furnace 10RF Industrial boiler 11RF Utility boiler 12RF Process heater 13RF Other reuse as fuel unit	2VT Alkaline chlorination 3VT Ozone 4VT Electrochemical 5VT Other cyanide oxidation General oxidation (including disinfection) 6VT Chlorination 7VT Ozonation
7RF Smelting, melting, or refining furnace 8RF Coke oven 9RF Other industrial furnace 10RF Industrial boiler 11RF Utility boiler 12RF Process heater 13RF Other reuse as fuel unit Puel Blending	2VT Alkaline chlorination 3VT Ozone 4VT Electrochemical 5VT Other cyanide oxidation General oxidation (including disinfection) 6VT Chlorination 7VT Ozonation 8VT UV radiation
7RF Smelting, melting, or refining furnace 8RF Coke oven 9RF Other industrial furnace 10RF Industrial boiler 11RF Utility boiler 12RF Process heater 13RF Other reuse as fuel unit	2VT Alkaline chlorination 3VT Ozone 4VT Electrochemical 5VT Other cyanide oxidation General oxidation (including disinfection) 6VT Chlorination 7VT Ozonation
7RF Smelting, melting, or refining furnace 8RF Coke oven 9RF Other industrial furnace 10RF Industrial boiler 11RF Utility boiler 12RF Process heater 13RF Other reuse as fuel unit Puel Blending 1FB Fuel blending	2VT Alkaline chlorination 3VT Ozone 4VT Electrochemical 5VT Other cyanide oxidation General oxidation (including disinfection) 6VT Chlorination 7VT Ozonation 8VT UV radiation 9VT Other general oxidation
7RF Smelting, melting, or refining furnace 8RF Coke oven 9RF Other industrial furnace 10RF Industrial boiler 11RF Utility boiler 12RF Process heater 13RF Other reuse as fuel unit Puel Blending 1FB Fuel blending Solidification	2VT Alkaline chlorination 3VT Ozone 4VT Electrochemical 5VT Other cyanide oxidation General oxidation (including disinfection) 6VT Chlorination 7VT Ozonation 8VT UV radiation 9VT Other general oxidation Chemical precipitation
7RF Smelting, melting, or refining furnace 8RF Coke oven 9RF Other industrial furnace 10RF Industrial boiler 11RF Utility boiler 12RF Process heater 13RF Other reuse as fuel unit Puel Blending 1FB Fuel blending Solidification 1S Cement or cement/silicate processes	2VT Alkaline chlorination 3VT Ozone 4VT Electrochemical 5VT Other cyanide oxidation General oxidation (including disinfection) 6VT Chlorination 7VT Ozonation 8VT UV radiation 9VT Other general oxidation Chemical precipitation 10VT Lime
7RF Smelting, melting, or refining furnace 8RF Coke oven 9RF Other industrial furnace 10RF Industrial boiler 11RF Utility boiler 12RF Process heater 13RF Other reuse as fuel unit Puel Blending 1FB Fuel blending Solidification 1S Cement or cement/silicate processes 2S Pozzolanic processes	2VT Alkaline chlorination 3VT Ozone 4VT Electrochemical 5VT Other cyanide oxidation General oxidation (including disinfection) 6VT Chlorination 7VT Ozonation 8VT UV radiation 9VT Other general oxidation Chemical precipitation 10VT Lime 11VT Sodium hydroxide
7RF Smelting, melting, or refining furnace 8RF Coke oven 9RF Other industrial furnace 10RF Industrial boiler 11RF Utility boiler 12RF Process heater 13RF Other reuse as fuel unit Puel Blending 1FB Fuel blending Solidification 1S Cement or cement/silicate processes 2S Pozzolanic processes 3S Asphaltic processes	2VT Alkaline chlorination 3VT Ozone 4VT Electrochemical 5VT Other cyanide oxidation General oxidation (including disinfection) 6VT Chlorination 7VT Ozonation 8VT UV radiation 9VT Other general oxidation Chemical precipitation 10VT Lime 11VT Sodium hydroxide 12VT Soda ash
7RF Smelting, melting, or refining furnace 8RF Coke oven 9RF Other industrial furnace 10RF Industrial boiler 11RF Utility boiler 12RF Process heater 13RF Other reuse as fuel unit Puel Blending 1FB Fuel blending Solidification 1S Cement or cement/silicate processes 2S Pozzolanic processes 3S Asphaltic processes 4S Thermoplastic techniques	2VT Alkaline chlorination 3VT Ozone 4VT Electrochemical 5VT Other cyanide oxidation General oxidation (including disinfection) 6VT Chlorination 7VT Ozonation 8VT UV radiation 9VT Other general oxidation Chemical precipitation 10VT Lime 11VT Sodium hydroxide 12VT Soda ash 13VT Sulfide
7RF Smelting, melting, or refining furnace 8RF Coke oven 9RF Other industrial furnace 10RF Industrial boiler 11RF Utility boiler 12RF Process heater 13RF Other reuse as fuel unit Puel Blending 1FB Fuel blending Solidification 1S Cement or cement/silicate processes 2S Pozzolanic processes 3S Asphaltic processes 4S Thermoplastic techniques 5S Organic polymer techniques	2VT Alkaline chlorination 3VT Ozone 4VT Electrochemical 5VT Other cyanide oxidation General oxidation (including disinfection) 6VT Chlorination 7VT Ozonation 8VT UV radiation 9VT Other general oxidation Chemical precipitation 10VT Lime 11VT Sodium hydroxide 12VT Soda ash
7RF Smelting, melting, or refining furnace 8RF Coke oven 9RF Other industrial furnace 10RF Industrial boiler 11RF Utility boiler 12RF Process heater 13RF Other reuse as fuel unit Puel Blending 1FB Fuel blending Solidification 1S Cement or cement/silicate processes 2S Pozzolanic processes 3S Asphaltic processes 4S Thermoplastic techniques 5S Organic polymer techniques 6S Jacketing (macro-encapsulation)	2VT Alkaline chlorination 3VT Ozone 4VT Electrochemical 5VT Other cyanide oxidation General oxidation (including disinfection) 6VT Chlorination 7VT Ozonation 8VT UV radiation 9VT Other general oxidation Chemical precipitation 10VT Lime 11VT Sodium hydroxide 12VT Soda ash 13VT Sulfide 14VT Other chemical precipitation
7RF Smelting, melting, or refining furnace 8RF Coke oven 9RF Other industrial furnace 10RF Industrial boiler 11RF Utility boiler 12RF Process heater 13RF Other reuse as fuel unit Puel Blending 1FB Fuel blending Solidification 1S Cement or cement/silicate processes 2S Pozzolanic processes 3S Asphaltic processes 4S Thermoplastic techniques 5S Organic polymer techniques 6S Jacketing (macro-encapsulation)	2VT Alkaline chlorination 3VT Ozone 4VT Electrochemical 5VT Other cyanide oxidation General oxidation (including disinfection) 6VT Chlorination 7VT Ozonation 8VT UV radiation 9VT Other general oxidation Chemical precipitation 10VT Lime 11VT Sodium hydroxide 12VT Soda ash 13VT Sulfide 14VT Other chemical precipitation Chromium reduction
7RF Smelting, melting, or refining furnace 8RF Coke oven 9RF Other industrial furnace 10RF Industrial boiler 11RF Utility boiler 12RF Process heater 13RF Other reuse as fuel unit Puel Blending 1FB Fuel blending Solidification 1S Cement or cement/silicate processes 2S Pozzolanic processes 3S Asphaltic processes 4S Thermoplastic techniques 5S Organic polymer techniques 6S Jacketing (macro-encapsulation)	2VT Alkaline chlorination 3VT Ozone 4VT Electrochemical 5VT Other cyanide oxidation General oxidation (including disinfection) 6VT Chlorination 7VT Ozonation 8VT UV radiation 9VT Other general oxidation Chemical precipitation 10VT Lime 11VT Sodium hydroxide 12VT Soda ash 13VT Sulfide 14VT Other chemical precipitation

EXHIBIT 8-2. (continued)

MANAGEMENT METHODS

17VT Ferrous sulfate 18VT Other chromium reduction

Complexed metals treatment (other than chemical precipitation by pH adjustment)

19VT Complexed metals treatment

Emulsion breaking 20VT Thermal 21VT Chemical

22VT Other emulsion breaking

Adsorption 23WT Carbon adsorption 24VT Ion exchange 25VT Resin adsorption 26VT Other adsorption

Stripping 27VT Air stripping 28VT Steam stripping 29VT Other stripping

Evaporation 30VT Thermal 31VT Solar 32VT Vapor recompression 33VT Other evaporation

Filtration 34VT Diatomaceous earth 35VT Sand 36VT Multimedia 37VT Other filtration

Sludge devatering 38VT Gravity thickening 39VT Vacuum filtration 40VT Pressure filtration (belt, plate and frame, or leaf)

41VT Centrifuge 42VT Other sludge devatering

Air flotation 43VT Dissolved air flotation 44VT Partial aeration 45VT Air dispersion 46VT Other air flotation

Oil skimming 47VT Gravity separation 48VT Coalescing plate separation 49WT Other oil skimming

Other liquid phase separation 50VT Decanting 51VT Other liquid phase separation

Biological treatment 52VT Activated sludge 53VT Fixed film-trickling filter 54VT Fixed film-rotating contactor

55WT Lagoon or basin, aerated

56VT Lagoon, facultative

57WT Anaerobic

58VT Other biological treatment

Other vastevater treatment 59VT Wet air oxidation 60VT Neutralization 61WT Nitrification 62VT Denitrification 63VT Flocculation and/or coagulation

64VT Settling (clarification)

65VT Reverse osmosis

66VT Other wastewater treatment

OTHER WASTE TREATHENT

1TR Other treatment 2TR Other recovery for reuse

ACCUMULATION

1A Containers 2A Tanks

STORAGE

1ST Container (i.e., barrel, drum)

2ST Tank

3ST Waste pile

4ST Surface impoundment

5ST Other storage

DISPOSAL

10 Landfill

2D Land treatment

Surface impoundment (to be closed 3D as a landfill)

4D Underground injection well

¹ Chemical precipitation is a treatment operation whereby the pH of a waste is adjusted to the range necessary for removal (precipitation) of contaminants. However, if the pH is adjusted solely to achieve a neutral pH, THE OPERATION SHOULD BE CONSIDERED NEUTRALIZATION (60VT).

\	(by capacity)	combustion chamber in inerators that block or residual	are used on	-site to bur	the residuals	e largest identified in
(<u>)</u>	your process	Combustion Chamber Temperature (Location of Temperature Monitor	Re:	sidence Time Combustion per (seconds)
	Incinerator	Primary Seco	ondary Pri	mary Secon	ndary Primary	y <u>Secondary</u>
	2			\rightarrow	_ \	
	3	\ ——	\ -	-		\
	by circ	e if Office of Sol ling the appropria	id Waste sur ite response.	vey has been	submitted in l	ied of response
	Yes No				·	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\				
8.23 <u>CBI</u>	are used on-s	following table for ite to burn the reack flow diagram(s)	esiduals iden	largest (by o	capacity) incine or process bloc	erators that k or residual
[_]	.	, NA	Air Polluti	on	Emis	ypes of sions Data
	Incinerator 1	·	Control Devi	<u>.ce </u>	A	vailable
	2					
	3					
	Indicat by circ	e if Office of Sol ling the appropria	id Waste sur ite response.	vey has been	submitted in 1	ieu of response
	Yes					1
	_	oving codes to des				
	E = Electros	(include type of tatic precipitator precipit	c	•		
(_1	Mark (X) this	box if you attack	n a continua	tion sheet.		

PART A EMPLOYMENT AND POTENTIAL EXPOSURE PROFILE

_1	<u>Da</u>		intained for:		Number of
Data Element		Hourly Workers	Salaried Workers	Data Collection Began OPEN PATE	Years Records Are Maintained
Date of hire		\angle	X	12-4-73	7 YEARS AFTER
Age at hire					TERMINAT
Work history of before employm facility			X		,
Sex			X		
Race					
Job titles					
Start date for e	ach job				
End date for eac	h job title		<u> </u>		•
Work area indust monitoring dat			· ———	Charles And Annual State Annual	
Personal employe data	e monitoring			•	
Employee medical	history	_×_	$\overline{}$		
Employee smoking	history				
Accident history					
Retirement date		\rightarrow			
Termination date		\angle	$\angle X$		
Vital status of	retirees		******		
Cause of death d	ata				

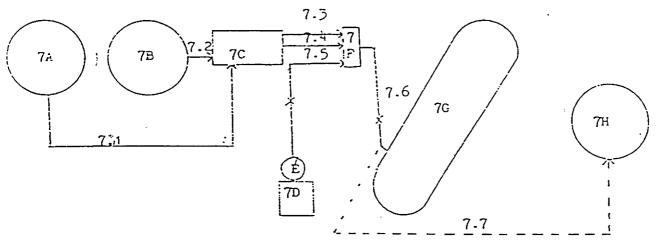
9.02	In accordance with the in which you engage.	e instructions, complete	the following ta	ble for e	ach activity
CBI.	an, made year angage				
[_]	a .	b.	c.	d.	e.
	Activity	Process Category	Yearly	Total	Total
	Manufacture of the	Enclosed	Quantity (kg)	<u>Vorkers</u>	Worker-Hours
	listed substance				
		Controlled Release			
		0pen			
	On-site use as reactant	Enclosed	883,2	1.	1000
		Controlled Release			· •
		0pen			,,
	On-site use as nonreactant	Enclosed			
		Controlled Release			
		0pen			
	On-site preparation	Enclosed			
	of products	Controlled Release	*****		
		Open			***************************************
		орен			
				•	
	•				

9.03	encompasses workers w	e job title for each labor category at your facility that who may potentially come in contact with or be exposed to the
<u>CBI</u>	listed substance.	
[_]		
	Labor Category	Descriptive Job Title
	A	CERTIFIED PHEET SERVICE SPECIALIST
	В	
	С	
	D	
	E	•
	F	
	G	
	Н	
	I	
	J	
		·
[_]	Mark (X) this box if	you attach a continuation sheet.

9.04 In accordance with the instructions, provide your process block flow diagram(s) and indicate associated work areas.

CBI

| Process type Batch - Polyurethane Polymerization



7A = TDI Prepolymer

7B = Amine Solution

7C = Metering Pump

7D = Isopropyl Alcohol Cleaning Solution

7E = Cleaning Solution Pump

7F = Components Mixing Head

7G = Tire Being Filled Through Valve Stem

7H = Clean-out Solution Drum

Note: All above is considered one work area

	s question and complete it separately for each process type.
Process type	Batch - Polyurethane Polymerization
Work Area ID	Description of Work Areas and Worker Activities
1	Pumping TDI/Amine solutions to mixer, filling tires through valve stem with polyurethane, and cleaning hosing with alcoholing the stem with polyurethane.
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	:
7	
8	
9	
10	
	•

9.06 CBI	each labor of come in cont	e following table category at your cact with or be e it separately	facility that exposed to the	t encomp e listed	oasses worker I substance.	rs who may pot Photocopy th	entially
[_]	Process type	· · · · · · · ·	Batch - Poly	yurethan	e Polymeriza	tion	
	Work area		•••••	• • • • • • •			1
	Labor <u>Category</u>	Number of Workers Exposed	Mode of Exposu (e.g., dire skin conta	ect ct)	Physical State of Listed Substance	Average Length of Exposure Per Day ²	Number of Days per Year Exposed
	NA	- Chose	D Sys	TEM		:	
		W. A. S				•	

						•	

							<u> </u>
				·			
	¹ Use the fol	lloving codes to	designate th	e physi	cal state of	the listed su	ubstance at
		condensible at erature and pres			Sludge or s Aqueous lig		
	GU = Gas ((uncondensible a erature and pres	at ambient	0L =	Organic liq Immiscible	uid	
		ides fumes, vapo		12 -	(specify ph		
	_	, Lloving codes to	n designate av	erage l	•	_	•
		ites or less				2 hours, but	
	B = Greater	than 15 minute	es, but not		exceeding 4	hours	
	C = Greater	ing 1 hour than one hour,	, but not		exceeding 8		not
	exceed	ing 2 hours		r =	Greater than	OHOUIS	
,—,	Wash (W) (1)	: - L : C			. •		
t_1	mark (X) thi	is box if you at	ttach a contin	iua (1 on	sneet.		•

1	Weighted Average (egory represented in question 9.06, TWA) exposure levels and the 15-min stion and complete it separately for	nute peak exposure levels.					
<u>BI</u>								
	Process type Batch - Polyurethane Polymerization							
	Work area		1					
	Labor Category	8-hour TWA Exposure Level (ppm, mg/m³, other-specify)	15-Minute Peak Exposure Leve (ppm, mg/m³, other-specify)					
	*	*	*					
			,					
			and a second of the second of					
			•					
		-	-					
			4-4-4					
			•					
*No	tests have been con	nducted						
		•						

1	If you monitor worker exposure to the listed substance, complete the following table									
	No monitor worker exposure available									
_}	Sample/Test	Work Area ID	Testing Frequency (ner year)	Number of Samples (per test)	Who	Analyzed In-House (Y/N)	Number of Years Record Maintained			
			(per year)	(per test)	<u>bampacs</u>	(1/11)	110211111111111111111111111111111111111			
	Personal breathing zone					<u></u>				
	General work area (air)									
	Wipe samples									
	Adhesive patches									
	Blood samples			· 	-					
	Urine samples		***************************************							
	Respiratory samples									
	Allergy tests									
	Other (specify)									
	Other (specify)	*****								
	Other (specify)									
			***************************************	-						
	Use the following of A = Plant industria B = Insurance carri C = OSHA consultant D = Other (specify)	l hygien: er		no takes the	e monitori	ng samples	:			

Sample Type	Sampling and Analytical Methodology					
1	NA	A				
If you conduct persons specify the following	al and/or ambient information for e	air monitoring for ach equipment type	the listed se used.	ubstance, •		
Equipment Type ¹	Detection Limit ²	Manufacturer	Averaging Time (hr)	Model Number		
			. ~			
<pre>A = Passive dosimeter B = Detector tube C = Charcoal filtrati</pre>	r		oring equipmen	t types:		
-	des to designate a	mbient air monitor	ring equipment	types:		
E = Stationary monitor F = Stationary monitor G = Stationary monitor	ors located within ors located within ors located at pla g equipment (speci	work area facility nt boundary fy)				
A = ppm B = Fibers/cubic cent	des to designate d	etection limit uni	its:			
	If you conduct persons specify the following Equipment Type Leguipment Type Use the following cook A = Passive dosimeter B = Detector tube C = Charcoal filtration D = Other (specify) Use the following cook E = Stationary monitor F = Stationary monitor G = Stationary monitor H = Mobile monitoring I = Other (specify) Use the following cook A = ppm B = Fibers/cubic cent	If you conduct personal and/or ambient specify the following information for e Do not conduct Equipment Type Detection Limit Leguipment Type Detection Limit Detection Limit Detection Limit Leguipment Type Detection Limit Leguipment Codes to designate part Leguipment (specify) Use the following codes to designate and Leguipment (specify) Leguipment Type Detection Limit Leguipment Codes to designate part Leguipment Type Leguipment Type Detection Limit Leguipment Part Leguipment Codes to designate and Leguipment (specify) Leguipment Type Leguipment Type Leguipment Type Leguipment Type Leguipment Type Leguipment Type Leguipment Codes to designate and Leguipment (specify) Leguipment Type If you conduct personal and/or ambient air monitoring for specify the following information for each equipment type Do not conduct Equipment Type Detection Limit Manufacturer Manufacturer Detection Limit A = Passive dosimeter B = Detector tube C = Charcoal filtration tube with pump D = Other (specify) Use the following codes to designate ambient air monitor E = Stationary monitors located within work area F = Stationary monitors located within facility G = Stationary monitors located at plant boundary H = Mobile monitoring equipment (specify) Use the following codes to designate detection limit unit A = ppm B = Fibers/cubic centimeter (f/cc)	If you conduct personal and/or ambient air monitoring for the listed s specify the following information for each equipment type used. Do not conduct Equipment Type Detection Limit Manufacturer Averaging Time (hr) Limit Averaging Time (hr) Limit Limit Detection Limit Manufacturer Averaging Time (hr) Detection Limit Limit Averaging Time (hr) Limit Limit Averaging Time (hr) Limit			

I	•			No tests	conducted		Fre	equency	
_1		Test Des	cription		•	(veek	ly, month	ly, yearl	y, etc.)
								4.00	
							.•		
								•	
					4				
							•		
								`	
		•							
			•						

BI	process type and work area			rete it separat	ker exposure ely for eac
_1		N	one *		
	Process type	Batch - 1	Polyurethane Poly	merization	
	Work area	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		1	
:	Engineering Controls	Used (Y/N)	Year Installed	Upgraded (Y/N)	Year Upgraded
,	Ventilation:			•	
	Local exhaust			·	•
	General dilution				,
	Other (specify)	,			***************************************
1	Vessel emission controls				
i	Mechanical loading or packaging equipment				
(Other (specify)				
-			 '		

 $[\underline{ }]$ Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

13	Describe all equipment or process modifications you have me prior to the reporting year that have resulted in a reduct the listed substance. For each equipment or process modification the percentage reduction in exposure that resulted. Photocomplete it separately for each process type and work area	ion of worker ex ication describe copy this questi	posure to d, state				
<u>II</u>							
_]	Process type Batch - Polyurethane Polymerization						
	Work area	1					
	Equipment or Process Modification	Reduction in Exposure Per					
		•					
			•				
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
	No Modifications						
		•					
			·				

9.14 CBI	in each work area	nal protective and safety equi in order to reduce or eliminat opy this question and complete	e their exposure	to the list	ρd
_1	Process type	Batch - Polyurethane	Polymerization		
	Work area	•••••	•••••	1	
		Equipment Types Respirators	Wear or Use (Y/N)	·	•
		Safety goggles/glasses			
		Face shields			
		Coveralls	<u> </u>		
		Bib aprons			
		Chemical-resistant gloves	<u></u>		
	·	Other (specify)			
					
			-		

9.15	If workers use respirators when working with the listed substance, specify for each process type, the work areas where the respirators are used, the type of respirators used, the average usage, whether or not the respirators were fit tested, and the type and frequency of the fit tests. Photocopy this question and complete it separately for each process type.								
CBI									
[_]	Process type Batch - Polyurethane Polymerization								
	Work Respirator Average Tested Type of Fit Tests Area Type Usage (Y/N) Fit Test (per year)								
	•								
	Use the following codes to designate average usage: A = Daily B = Veekly C = Monthly D = Once a year E = Other (specify) Use the following codes to designate the type of fit test: QL = Qualitative QT = Quantitative								
[_]	Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.								

PART	E WORK PRACTICES			•				
9.19 <u>CBI</u> []	Describe all of the work practices and administrative controls used to reduce or eliminate worker exposure to the listed substance (e.g., restrict entrance only to authorized workers, mark areas with warning signs, insure worker detection and monitoring practices, provide worker training programs, etc.). Photocopy this question and complete it separately for each process type and work area.							
	Process type Batch - Polyurethane Polymerization							
	Work area	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • •	1				
	Area is not restri	cted						
			and the state of					
.20	Indicate (X) how often you leaks or spills of the lis separately for each process	ted substance. : s type and work :	Photocopy thi irea.	s question an	ean up routine d complete it			
9.20	rocess type York area	ted substance. s type and work Batch - Polyureth Less Than	Photocopy thing area. name Polymericane 1-2 Times	s question anzation 1 3-4 Times	d complete it Hore Than 4			
7.20	Process type I Work area Housekeeping Tasks	ted substance. s type and work a Batch - Polyureth	Photocopy thinger area. Lane Polymeri	s question anzation 1 3-4 Times	d complete it			
2.20	Process type I Work area Housekeeping Tasks Sweeping	ted substance. s type and work Batch - Polyureth Less Than	Photocopy thing area. name Polymericane 1-2 Times	s question anzation 1 3-4 Times	d complete it Hore Than 4			
2.20	Process type I Work area Housekeeping Tasks Sweeping Vacuuming	ted substance. s type and work Batch - Polyureth Less Than	Photocopy thing area. name Polymericane 1-2 Times	s question anzation 1 3-4 Times	d complete it Hore Than 4			
2.20	Housekeeping Tasks Sweeping Vacuuming Vacuuming Vater flushing of floors	ted substance. s type and work Batch - Polyureth Less Than	Photocopy thing area. name Polymericane 1-2 Times	s question anzation 1 3-4 Times	d complete it Hore Than 4			
2.20	Process type I Work area Housekeeping Tasks Sweeping Vacuuming	ted substance. s type and work Batch - Polyureth Less Than	Photocopy thing area. name Polymericane 1-2 Times	s question anzation 1 3-4 Times	d complete it Hore Than 4			
0.20	Housekeeping Tasks Sweeping Vacuuming Vacuuming Vater flushing of floors	ted substance. s type and work Batch - Polyureth Less Than	Photocopy thing area. name Polymericane 1-2 Times	s question anzation 1 3-4 Times	d complete it Hore Than 4			
2.20	Housekeeping Tasks Sweeping Vacuuming Vacuuming Vater flushing of floors	ted substance. s type and work Batch - Polyureth Less Than	Photocopy thing area. name Polymericane 1-2 Times	s question anzation 1 3-4 Times	d complete it Hore Than 4			
9.20	Housekeeping Tasks Sweeping Vacuuming Vacuuming Vater flushing of floors	ted substance. s type and work Batch - Polyureth Less Than	Photocopy thing area. name Polymericane 1-2 Times	s question anzation 1 3-4 Times	d complete it Hore Than 4			
9.20	Housekeeping Tasks Sweeping Vacuuming Vacuuming Vater flushing of floors	ted substance. s type and work Batch - Polyureth Less Than	Photocopy thing area. name Polymericane 1-2 Times	s question anzation 1 3-4 Times	d complete it Hore Than 4			

9 21	Do you have a written medical action plan for responding to routine or emergency exposure to the listed substance.	/
· · ·	Routine exposure	
·	Yes 1	
	No	
	Yes \1	
	No	
	If yes, where are copies of the plan maintained?	
\	Routine exposure:	
	Emergency exposure:	\
7		-
9.22	Do you have a written leak and spill cleanup plan that addresses the listed substance? Circle the appropriate response.	
	Yes	L
(NO INSUEFICIENT QUANTITY TO BE REQUIRED	2
	If yes, where are copies of the plan maintained?	
	Has this plan been coordinated with state or local government response organizations Circle the appropriate response.	?
	Yes	1
(No SEE ABOVE	2
9.23	Who is responsible for monitoring worker safety at your facility? Circle the appropriate response.	\
	Plant safety specialist	1
	Insurance carrier	2
	OSHA consultant	3
\	Other (spedify)	4
\		_
[_]	Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.	

SECTION 10 ENVIRONMENTAL RELEASE

General Instructions:

Complete Part E (questions 10.23-10.35) for each non-routine release involving the listed substance that occurred during the reporting year. Report on all releases that are equal to or greater than the listed substance's reportable quantity value, RQ, unless the release is federally permitted as defined in 42 U.S.C. 9601, or is specifically excluded under the definition of release as defined in 40 CFR 302.3(22). Reportable quantities are codified in 40 CFR Part 302. If the listed substance is not a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA) and, thus, does not have an RQ, then report releases that exceed 2,270 kg. If such a substance however, is designated as a CERCLA hazardous substance, then report those releases that are equal to or greater than the RQ. The facility may have answered these questions or similar questions under the Agency's Accidental Release Information Program and may already have this information readily available. Assign a number to each release and use this number throughout this part to identify the release. Releases over more than a 24-hour period are not single releases, i.e., the release of a chemical substance equal to or greater than an RQ must be reported as a separate release for each 24-hour period the release exceeds the RO.

For questions 10.25-10.35, answer the questions for each release identified in question 10.23. Photocopy these questions and complete them separately for each release.

GENERAL INFORMATION
Where is your facility located? Circle all appropriate responses.
Industrial area
Residential area
Rural area
Vithin 1 mile of a navigable waterway
Jithin 1 mile of a non-navigable vaterway

,	Specify the exact location of you is located) in terms of latitude (UTM) coordinates.	and longitude or Uni	versal Transvers	se Mercader
	Latitude	•••••	<u>42°</u>	<u>'/</u>
	Longitude	•••••	_//8	'_ <i>W</i>
	UTM coordinates Zone	, North	ning, Ea	asting
10.03	If you monitor meteorological conthe following information.	ditions in the vicin	ixty of your faci	ility, provi
	Average annual precipitation			inches/
	Predominant wind direction			
				
				\
0.0%	Indicate the depth to groundwater	below your facility	7	
0.04	Indicate the depth to groundwater Depth to groundwater			meters
0.05	\	indicate (V/N/NA)	all wanting make	
0.05 BI	Depth to groundwater For each on-site activity listed, listed substance to the environment	indicate (Y/N/NA) ant. (Refer to the i	all routine releanstructions for	ases of the a definitio
0.05 BI	Depth to groundwater For each on-site activity listed, listed substance to the environment Y, N, and NA.)	indicate (Y/N/NA) ant. (Refer to the i	all routine relea	ases of the a definitio
0.05 BI	Depth to groundwater For each on-site activity listed, listed substance to the environment Y, N, and NA.) On-Site Activity	indicate (Y/N/NA) ant. (Refer to the i	all routine relead Instructions for Vironmental Relead	ases of the a definitional ase
0.05 BI	Depth to groundwater For each on-site activity listed, listed substance to the environment Y, N, and NA.) On-Site Activity Manufacturing	indicate (Y/N/NA) ant. (Refer to the integral Enverted Air	all routine relead Instructions for Vironmental Relead Vater	ases of the a definitionase Land
0.05 BI	For each on-site activity listed, listed substance to the environment Y, N, and NA.) On-Site Activity Manufacturing Importing	indicate (Y/N/NA) ant. (Refer to the i Env Air NA NA	all routine releaded instructions for vironmental Releaded Vater NA NA	ases of the a definitionase Land NA NA
0.05 BI	Por each on-site activity listed, listed substance to the environment Y, N, and NA.) On-Site Activity Manufacturing Importing Processing	indicate (Y/N/NA) ant. (Refer to the integral Enverted Air NA NA NA	all routine releaded instructions for vironmental Releaded Vater NA	ases of the a definition ase Land NA NA NA
0.05 BI	Depth to groundwater For each on-site activity listed, listed substance to the environment Y, N, and NA.) On-Site Activity Manufacturing Importing Processing Otherwise used	indicate (Y/N/NA) ant. (Refer to the interpretation of the interpr	all routine releanstructions for vironmental Relea	ases of the a definition ase Land NA NA NA NA
0.05 BI	Depth to groundwater For each on-site activity listed, listed substance to the environment Y, N, and NA.) On-Site Activity Manufacturing Importing Processing Otherwise used Product or residual storage	indicate (Y/N/NA) ant. (Refer to the interpretation of the interpr	all routine releanstructions for vironmental Relea	ases of the a definition ase Land NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
.0.05 :BI	Depth to groundwater For each on-site activity listed, listed substance to the environment Y, N, and NA.) On-Site Activity Manufacturing Importing Processing Otherwise used Product or residual storage Disposal	indicate (Y/N/NA) ant. (Refer to the interpretation of the interpr	all routine releanstructions for vironmental Release Vater NA	ases of the a definition ase Land NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
0.05 BI	Depth to groundwater For each on-site activity listed, listed substance to the environment Y, N, and NA.) On-Site Activity Manufacturing Importing Processing Otherwise used Product or residual storage Disposal	indicate (Y/N/NA) ant. (Refer to the interpretation of the interpr	all routine releanstructions for vironmental Release Vater NA	ases of the a definition ase Land NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA

10.06 CBI	Provide the following information for the liste of precision for each item. (Refer to the inst an example.)	d substance and s ructions for fur	specify the level ther explanation and
[_]	Quantity discharged to the air	NA NA	kg/yr <u>+</u>
	Quantity discharged in wastewaters	NA	kg/yr ± %
	Quantity managed as other waste in on-site treatment, storage, or disposal units	NA	kg/yr <u>+</u> %
	Quantity managed as other waste in off-site treatment, storage, or disposal units	NA .	kg/yr <u>+</u> %
		•	

 $[\underline{ }]$ Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

10.08 CBI	Describe the control technologies used to minimize release of the listed substance for each process stream containing the listed substance as identified in your process block or residual treatment block flow diagram(s). Photocopy this question and complete it separately for each process type.						
	Detail Dalamanthan Dalamantantian						
_}	riocess type						
	Stream ID Code	NA - Essential a closed system Control Technology	Percent Efficiency				
		49					
			•				
	<i>,</i>						
	,						

substance in terms of residual treatment blue source. Do not include	
Process type	Batch - Polyurethane Polymerization
Point Source ID Code	Description of Emission Point Source
	NA
***************************************	•
-	
-	
4	
	•
·	
	·

			Stack	NA				
_	Point Source ID Code	Stack Height(m)	Inner Diameter (at outlet) (m)	Exhaust Temperature (°C)	Emission Exit Velocity (m/sec)	Building Height(m) ¹	Building Vidth(m) ²	Ve Ty
_								
_							***	•
<u>-</u>							·	
_						***************************************		
_								
_								
_	•			***				

			or adjacent					
			or adjacent	ignate vent	tune:			
	H = Hori V = Vert	zontal		ignate vent	cype.			
		• • •						

0.12 BI	If the listed substance is emitted in particulate form, indicate the particle sidestribution for each Point Source ID Code identified in question 10.09. Photocopy this question and complete it separately for each emission point source					
[_]	NA Point source ID code					
	Size Range (microns)	Mass Fraction (% \pm % precision)				
	< 1					
	≥ 1 to < 10					
	≥ 10 to < 30					
	≥ 30 to < 50					
	≥ 50 to < 100	,				
	≥ 100 to < 500					
	≥ 500					
	•	Total = 100%				
	•					
	••					

10.13	Equipment Leaks Complete the following table by providing the number of equipment types listed which are exposed to the listed substance and which are in service according to the specified weight percent of the listed substance passing through the component. Do this for each process type identified in your process block or residual treatment block flow diagram(s). Do not include equipment types that are not exposed to the listed substance. If this is a batch or intermittently operated process, give an overall percentage of time per year that the process type is exposed to the listed substance. Photocopy this question and complete it separately								
CBI	type.								
[_]	Process type Bat								
	Percentage of time per year type	that the li	sted subs	stance is	exposed	to this p	rocess		
		Number	of Compor	nents in : d Substan	Service b	 v Weight 1	am ;		
	Equipment Type Pump seals ¹	than 5%	5-10%	11-25%	26-75%	76-99%	Greater than 99%		
	Packed	χ.							
	Mechanical	NA							
	Double mechanical ²	NA							
	Compressor seals ¹	NA							
	Flanges	NA			-	·			
	Valves	70 7							
	Gas ³	_NA							
	Liquid	NA	•						
	Pressure relief devices ⁴ (Gas or vapor only)	NA							
	Sample connections								
	Gas	NA							
	Liquid		\overline{X}		*****				
	Open-ended lines ⁵ (e.g., purge, vent)								
	Gas	NA							
	Liquid		X				-		
	List the number of pump an compressors	d compressor	seals, i	ather th	an the nu	mber of p	umps or		
10.13	continued on next page					4			

10.13	(continued)						
a	² If double mechanical seals are operated with the barrier (B) fluid at a pressure greater than the pump stuffing box pressure and/or equipped with a sensor (S) that will detect failure of the seal system, the barrier fluid system, or both, indicate with a "B" and/or an "S", respectively						
	³ Conditions existing in the valve during normal operation ⁴ Report all pressure relief devices in service, including those equipped with control devices ⁵ Lines closed during normal operation that would be used during maintenance operations						
10.14 <u>CBI</u>	Pressure Relief Devices with Controls Complete the following table for those pressure relief devices identified in 10.13 to indicate which pressure relief devices in service are controlled. If a pressure relief device is not controlled, enter "None" under column c.						
	Number of Pressure Relief Devices	b. Percent Chemical in Vessel	Control Device	d. Estimated Control Efficiency ²			
	Refer to the table in question 10.13 and record the percent range given under the heading entitled "Number of Components in Service by Veight Percent of Listed Substance" (e.g., <5%, 5-10%, 11-25%, etc.)						
	The EPA assigns a control efficiency of 100 percent for equipment leaks controlled with rupture discs under normal operating conditions. The EPA assigns a control efficiency of 98 percent for emissions routed to a flare under normal operating conditions						
[_]	Mark (X) this box if you at	tach a continuation	sheet.				

er e	Equipment Leak Detection If a formal leak detection and repair program is in place, complete the following table regarding those leak detection and repair procedures. Photocopy this question and complete it separately for each process type.					pair
CBI	Process type	NA		Batch - Pe	olvanethane t	olymerization
[_]	Process type		•••••			Olymerization
	Equipment Type	Leak Detection Concentration (ppm or mg/m³) Measured at Inches from Source	Detection Device			
	Pump seals			;		
	Packed				•	
	Mechanical					•
	Double mechanical				***	
	Compressor seals					
	Flanges					
	Valves					
	Gas					
	Liquid					
	Pressure relief devices (gas or vapor only)					
	Sample connections					
	Gas					
	Liquid			-		
	Open-ended lines			·		
	Gas					
	Liquid			•		
	1 Use the following c POVA = Portable org FPM = Fixed point m O = Other (specify)	anic vapor analyze onitoring		evice:		

PARTE	NON-ROUTINE	RELEASES
LWVIE	MOM-KOOTTME	WELENGES

10.23 Indicate the date and time when the release occurred and when the release ceased or was stopped. If there were more than six releases, attach a continuation sheet and list all releases.

Release	Date Started	Time (am/pm)	Date Stopped	Time (am/pm)
1	NONE	TO DATE		
2				
3				
4				
5				•
6				*

10 24 Specify the weather conditions at the time of each release.

/	<u>\</u> .	Wind Speed	Wind	Humidity	Temperature	Precipitation
	Release	(km/hr)	Direction	(*)	(°C)	(Y/N)
	2					
	3			/		
	4					
	5					
\	6					
	\	\		\		

GOODYEAR COMMERCIAL TIRE & SERVICE CENTERS

A DIVISION OF THE GOODYEAR TIRE & RUBBER COMPANY

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OFFICE OF TOXIC SUBSTANCES, TS 790

US EN VIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
HOI M STREET, SW

WASHINGTON , DC 20460

ATTENTION: CAIR REPORTING OFFICE